

Title: Why there is something rather than nothing

Date: 2007-05-20 16:00:00

Abstract:

Why there is Something rather than Nothing (from Everything):

origin of the cosmological constant and dark energy

A.O.Barvinsky

Theory Department, Lebedev Physics Institute,
Moscow

Why there is Something rather than Nothing (from Everything):

origin of the cosmological constant and dark energy

A.O.Barvinsky

Theory Department, Lebedev Physics Institute,
Moscow

Introduction



Problems: • indefiniteness of the Euclidean gravitational action:

- infrared catastrophe of small cosmological constant Λ .

$$\Psi_{\text{HH}} \sim \exp\left(\frac{3\pi}{2G\Lambda}\right) \rightarrow \infty, \quad \Lambda \rightarrow 0;$$

- cosmology debate of the no-boundary vs tunneling proposals

EQG density matrix of the Universe

- elimination of the infrared catastrophe of small Λ
- ensemble of universes in a limited range of Λ
- selection mechanism for string landscape

A.B. & A.Yu.Kamenshchik,
JCAP, 09, 014 (2006)
[hep-th/0605132];
Phys. Rev. D74, 121502 (2006)
[hep-th/0611206]

Justification of these results from Lorentzian quantum gravity (LQG) and suggestion of a new mechanism of dark energy (A.B., hep-th/0704.0083)

Plan

- EQG density matrix:
effects of conformal anomaly and radiation --- limiting the cosmological constant ensemble
- LQG density matrix --- microcanonical ensemble
- Sum over Everything
- Conformal rotation in EQG — selection of thermal instantons
- Dark energy from the microcanonical state of the Universe:
hierarchy problem, strings and evolving extra dimensions
- Conclusions: Something rather than Nothing comes from Everything

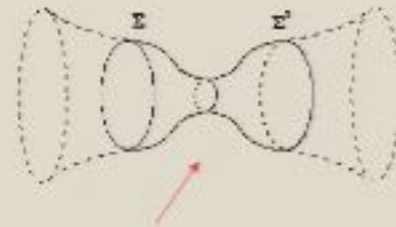
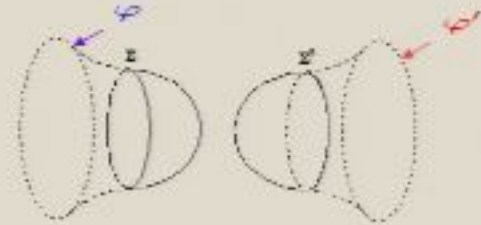
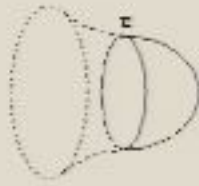
From the pure Hartle-Hawking state to a statistical ensemble – the density matrix:

$$|\Psi_{HH}\rangle = \Psi_{HH}[\varphi]$$

$$|\Psi_{HH}\rangle\langle\Psi_{HH}| = \rho_{HH}[\varphi, \varphi']$$



$$\hat{\rho}_{\text{mixed}} = \rho_{\text{mixed}}[\varphi, \varphi']$$



instanton bridge mediates density matrix correlations

EQG density matrix

$$\rho[\varphi, \varphi'] = e^{\Gamma} \int_{g, \phi|_{\Sigma, \Sigma'} = (\varphi, \varphi')} D[g, \phi] \exp(-S_E[g, \phi])$$

D. Page
(1986)

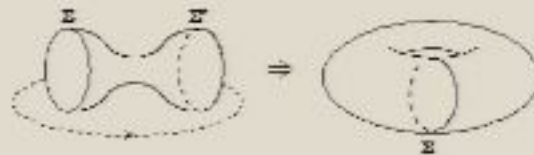
$$\text{tr } \hat{\rho} = 1$$



Effective action:
statistical sum

$$e^{-\Gamma} = \int_{g, \phi|_{\Sigma} = g, \phi|_{\Sigma'}} D[g, \phi] \exp(-S_E[g, \phi])$$

integration over periodic fields on a torus:



Euclidean FRW metric

$$ds^2 = N^2 d\tau^2 + a^2 d^2\Omega^{(3)},$$

Annotations:
 - $N^2 d\tau^2$: lapse
 - $a^2 d^2\Omega^{(3)}$: scale factor
 - $d^2\Omega^{(3)}$: 3-sphere of a unit size

$$[g, \phi] = [a(\tau), N(\tau); \Phi(x)]$$

minisuperspace background

$$\Phi(x) = (\varphi(x), \psi(x), A_\mu(x), h_{\mu\nu}(x), \dots)$$

quantum "matter" – cosmological perturbations

gravitons



$$e^{-\Gamma} = \int_{\text{periodic}} D[a, N] e^{-\Gamma_E[a, N]}$$

$$e^{-\Gamma_E[a, N]} = \int_{\text{periodic}} D\Phi(x) e^{-S_E[a, N; \Phi(x)]}$$

quantum effective action
of Φ on minisuperspace
background

Effective action for **conformally** coupled fields

$$\Gamma_E[a, N] = \int d\tau N \mathcal{L}(a, a') + F(\eta)$$

local part
nonlocal (thermal) part

$$\mathcal{L}(a, a') = -aa'^2 - a + H^2 a^3 + B \left(\frac{a'^2}{a} - \frac{a'^4}{6a} + \frac{1}{2a} \right)$$

classical part
conformal anomaly part
vacuum (Casimir) energy

$a' \equiv \frac{1}{N} \frac{da}{d\tau}$, $\Lambda = 3H^2$
Hubble constant

B -- coefficient of the Gauss-Bonnet term in the total conformal anomaly

Nonlocal part -- free energy

$$F(\eta) = \pm \sum_{\omega} \ln(1 \mp e^{-\omega\eta}), \quad \eta = \int d\tau \frac{N}{a}$$

energies of field oscillators on a 3-sphere
instanton period in units of conformal time -- inverse temperature

Saddle points of the path integral — solutions of **Euclidean** effective equation of motion $\frac{\delta \Gamma_E[a, N]}{\delta N(\tau)} = 0$

$$\frac{a'^2}{a^2} + B \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{a'^4}{a^4} - \frac{a'^2}{a^4} \right) = \frac{1}{a^2} - H^2 - \frac{C}{a^4}$$

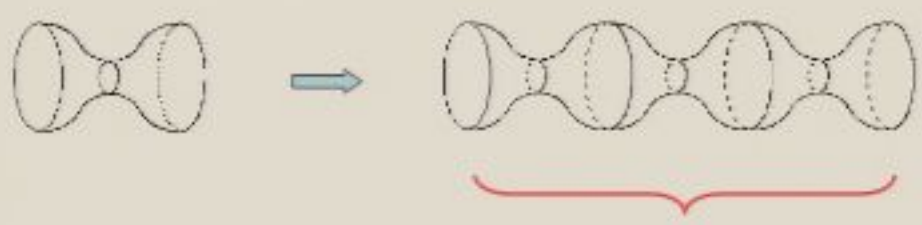
quantum anomaly term

amount of radiation constant

Firouzjahi, Sarangi & Tye (2004);
Sarangi & Tye (2005);
Brustein & de Alwis (2006)

$$C = \frac{B}{2} + \frac{dF(\eta)}{d\eta}, \quad \eta = \int d\tau \frac{N}{a}$$

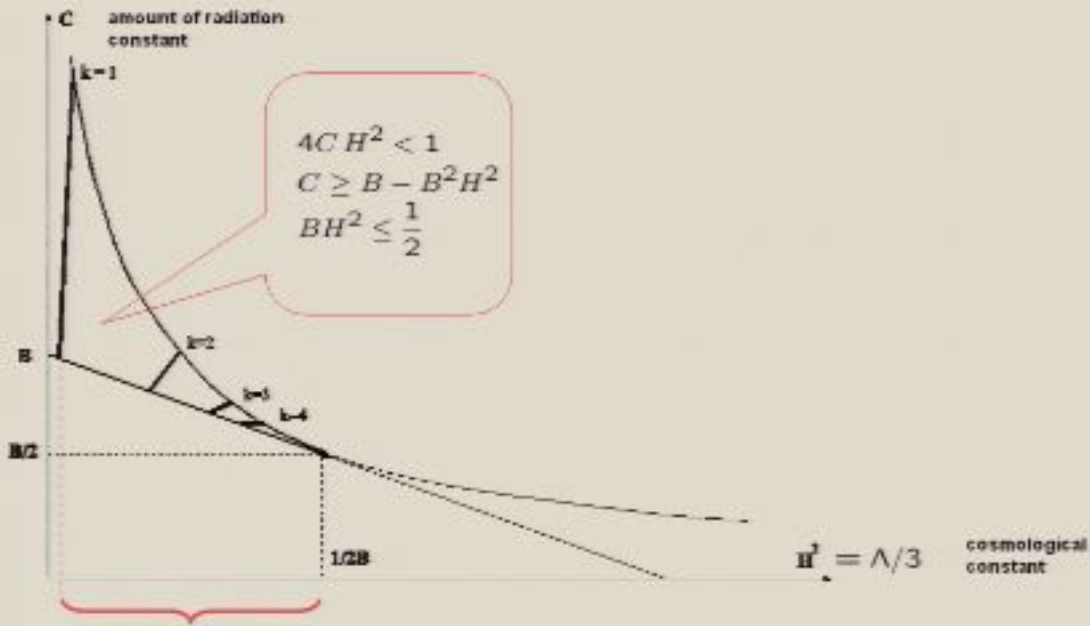
Solutions — set of tubular periodic garland-type instantons with oscillating scale factor




Halliwel & Myers (1989);
Fleischer, Morgan & Polchinski (1990)

1- fold, k=1

k- folded garland, k=1,2,3,...



- $\Lambda_{\min} < \Lambda < \Lambda_{\max}$ bounded range of the cosmological constant \Rightarrow selection rule for string landscape
-  for any $\Lambda > 0$ elimination of the infrared catastrophe (anomaly effect)
- $\Lambda_{\max} = 3m_p^2/2B$ new quantum gravity scale (anomaly effect)
- $\Lambda_{\min}, \Lambda_{\max} \rightarrow \frac{\Lambda_{\min}}{N}, \frac{\Lambda_{\max}}{N}$; $N = \#$ of quantum fields: 1/N-approximation

LQG density matrix

Representation of three-metric and matter fields $q = (g_{ij}(\mathbf{x}), \phi(\mathbf{x}))$; p – conjugated momenta

$$\rho(q_+, q_-) = e^\Gamma \int_{q(t_\pm)=q_\pm} D[q, p, N] \exp i \int_{t_-}^{t_+} dt (p \dot{q} - N^\mu H_\mu)$$

$q(t_\pm) = q_\pm$ includes gauge fixing factor
 N^μ lapse and shift functions
 $H_\mu = H_\mu(q, p)$ constraints

Range of integration over N^μ : $-\infty < N^\mu < \infty$

Wheeler-DeWitt equations

$$\hat{H}_\mu(q, \partial/i\partial q) \rho(q, q_-) = 0$$

Microcanonical density matrix

$$\hat{\rho} \sim \left(\prod_\mu \delta(\hat{H}_\mu) \right)$$

A simplest analogy — an unconstrained system with a conserved Hamiltonian \hat{H} in the microcanonical state with a fixed energy E ,

$$\tilde{\rho} \sim \delta(\hat{H} - E)$$

Spatially closed cosmology does not have *freely specifiable* constants of motion. The only conserved quantities are the Hamiltonian and momentum constraints H_μ , all having a particular value — *zero*.



The microcanonical ensemble with

$$\tilde{\rho} \sim \left(\prod_{\mu} \delta(H_{\mu}) \right)$$

is as a most general and natural candidate for the quantum state of the *closed* Universe.

The microcanonical statistical sum of the Universe is just a uniformly distributed (with a unit weight) integral over entire phase space of true physical degrees of freedom — *Sum over Everything*.

Sum over Everything

Statistical sum

$$e^{-\Gamma} = e^{-\Gamma} \text{Tr}_{\text{phys}} \bar{\rho} = \int_{\text{periodic}} D[q, p, N] e^{i \int dt (p \dot{q} - N^\mu H_\mu)}$$

Physical reduction in the unitary gauge, $\chi^\mu(q, p) = 0$, $(q, p) \rightarrow (q_{\text{phys}}, p_{\text{phys}})$.

Canonical Faddeev-Popov integral in terms of physical variables:

$$\begin{aligned} \int D[q, p, N] e^{i \int dt (p \dot{q} - N^\mu H_\mu)} &= \int Dq_{\text{phys}} Dp_{\text{phys}} e^{i \int dt (p_{\text{phys}} \dot{q}_{\text{phys}} - H_{\text{phys}}(t))} \\ &= \text{Tr}_{\text{phys}} \left(\mathbf{T} e^{-i \int dt \hat{H}_{\text{phys}}(t)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

physical Hamiltonian ↙

↖ chronological ordering

On-shell Faddeev-Popov path integral is gauge-independent.

In static gauges, $\partial_t \chi^\mu(q, p, t) = 0$, $\hat{H}_{\text{phys}}(t) = 0$ (closed cosmology)



$$e^{-\Gamma} = \text{Tr}_{\text{phys}} \mathbf{I}_{\text{phys}} = \int dq_{\text{phys}} dp_{\text{phys}} = \text{sum over Everything.}$$

Gaussian integration over momenta —
 Lagrangian path integral: $e^{-\Gamma} = \int D[q, N] e^{iS_L[q, N]}$

Lorentzian variables (t)

Field decomposition: $[q, N] \rightarrow [a_L(t), N_L(t); \Phi_L(x)]$, $D[q, N] = D[a_L, N_L] \times D\Phi_L(x)$

minisuperspace \Downarrow

LQG path integrals with
 real integration variables

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} e^{-\Gamma} = \int D[a_L, N_L] e^{i\Gamma_L[a_L, N_L]} \\ e^{i\Gamma_L[a_L, N_L]} = \int D\Phi_L(x) e^{iS_L[a_L, N_L; \Phi_L(x)]} \end{array} \right.$$

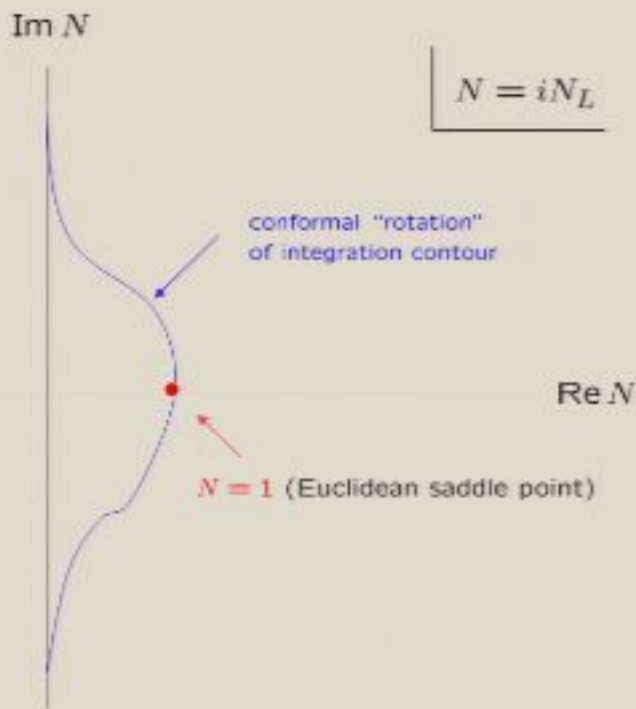
No periodic solutions of Lorentzian effective equation in real time and real geometry!
 Saddle points of the Lorentzian path integral exist in Wick-rotated (Euclidean) geometry:

$$t = \tau, \quad N_L = -iN, \quad iS_L[a_L, N_L; \Phi_L] = -S_E[a, N; \Phi],$$



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} e^{i\Gamma_L[a_L, N_L]} = e^{-\Gamma_E[a, N]} \\ e^{i\Gamma} = e^{-\Gamma_E} \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{EQG path integral with the imaginary} \\ \text{lapse integration contour;} \\ N \in [-i\infty, i\infty] \end{array}$$

Steepest decent integration contour for the Euclidean lapse — conformal rotation in EQG



Deformation of the original contour of integration

$$-\infty < N_L < \infty$$

into the complex plane to pass through the saddle point

Conformal rotation in the one-loop approximation -- selection of thermal instantons with a fixed Euclidean time period.

Integration measure in the Faddeev-Popov path integral: $D[a, N] = D a D N \mu[a, N] \delta[\chi] \text{Det } Q$

$$\mu_{1\text{-loop}} = \prod_{\tau} \left(\frac{\partial^2(N\mathcal{L})}{\partial \dot{a} \partial \dot{a}} \right)^{1/2} = \prod_{\tau} \left(\frac{D}{N a^2 a'^2} \right)^{1/2}$$

local Lagrangian in the action
local measure
gauge-fixing factor

$$D = a a'^2 (a^2 - B + B a'^2) > 0$$

on background instantons

The gauge disentangling conformal mode perturbations: $\chi(a, N) = \delta N - (N/a) \delta a$

The Faddeev-Popov operator: $Q = a(d/d\tau)a^{-1}$ perturbations on background

Quadratic part of the action in terms of the conformal mode σ : $\delta a = \sigma a, \delta N = \sigma N$

$$\delta_{\sigma}^2 \Gamma_E = -\frac{3\pi m_P^2}{2} \int d\tau N D \left[\left(\frac{\sigma}{a'} \right)' \right]^2 < 0$$

But the integration range over σ is imaginary!

Density Matrix Reloaded:

Minimum set of assumptions — an ultimate equipartition in physical phase space in the form of the microcanonical state of closed quantum cosmology



- Constraining the ensemble of Λ (and possibly landscape of string vacua)
- A new dark energy mechanism transcending the inflationary and matter-domination stages as a quasi-equilibrium **decay** of the initial microcanonical state

“Nothing comes from Nothing”

Sidney Coleman: “There is Nothing rather than Something”

Something (rather than Nothing) comes from Everything

Density Matrix Reloaded:

Minimum set of assumptions — an ultimate equipartition in physical phase space in the form of the microcanonical state of closed quantum cosmology



- Constraining the ensemble of Λ (and possibly landscape of string vacua)
- A new dark energy mechanism transcending the inflationary and matter-domination stages as a quasi-equilibrium **decay** of the initial microcanonical state

“Nothing comes from Nothing”

Sidney Coleman: “There is Nothing rather than Something”

Something (rather than Nothing) comes from Everything

Mechanism of variable B from string/Kaluza-Klein theory

$B \Rightarrow B(t)$ indefinitely growing with evolving size of X-tra dimension(s) $R(t)$

B — coefficient of the Gauss-Bonnet term in the total conformal anomaly;

$B \sim \mathcal{N}$ number of conformally invariant massless modes — KK and winding modes

Masses of KK and winding modes:

$$m_{n,w}^2 = \frac{n^2}{R^2} + \frac{w^2}{\alpha'^2} R^2 \ll H_+^2 \sim \frac{m_P^2}{\mathcal{N}}$$

approximate masslessness and conformal invariance

- Growing tower of superhorizon KK modes ($w = 0, n \leq \mathcal{N}$):

$$\mathcal{N} \sim (m_P R)^{2/3} \Rightarrow H_+ \sim \frac{m_P}{(m_P R)^{1/3}} \quad \text{indefinitely decreases with } R \rightarrow \infty$$

- Growing tower of superhorizon winding modes ($n = 0, w \leq \mathcal{N}$):

$$\mathcal{N} \sim \left(\frac{m_P \alpha'}{R}\right)^{2/3} \Rightarrow H_+ \sim m_P \left(\frac{R}{m_P \alpha'}\right)^{1/3} \quad \text{indefinitely decreases with } R \rightarrow 0$$

$$\Lambda \sim m_P^2 \Rightarrow \Lambda_{\text{present}} \quad (\text{fine-tuning the expansion/contraction of X-tra space size?!})$$

Mechanism of variable B from string/Kaluza-Klein theory

$B \Rightarrow B(t)$ indefinitely growing with evolving size of X-tra dimension(s) $R(t)$

B — coefficient of the Gauss-Bonnet term in the total conformal anomaly;

$B \sim \mathcal{N}$ number of conformally invariant massless modes — KK and winding modes

Masses of KK and winding modes:

$$m_{n,w}^2 = \frac{n^2}{R^2} + \frac{w^2}{\alpha'^2} R^2 \ll H_+^2 \sim \frac{m_P^2}{\mathcal{N}}$$

approximate masslessness and conformal invariance

- Growing tower of superhorizon KK modes ($w = 0, n < \mathcal{N}$):

$$\mathcal{N} \sim (m_P R)^{2/3} \Rightarrow H_+ \sim \frac{m_P}{(m_P R)^{1/3}} \text{ indefinite with } R \rightarrow \infty$$

- Growing tower of superhorizon winding modes ($n = \dots$):

$$\mathcal{N} \sim \left(\frac{m_P \alpha'}{R}\right)^{2/3} \Rightarrow H_+ \sim m_P \left(\frac{R}{m_P \alpha'}\right)^{1/3} \text{ indefinite with } R \rightarrow 0$$

$$\Lambda \sim m_P^2 \Rightarrow \Lambda_{\text{present}} \quad (\text{fine-tuning the expansion/contraction of X-tra space size?!})$$

Microsoft PowerPoint - [Why.ppt]

File Home Insert Drawing Tools References Layout Send To Backstage View Ribbon Task Pane Help

10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42

Mechanism of variable B from string/Kaluza-Klein theory

$B \Rightarrow B(t)$ indefinitely growing with evolving size of X_{10} dimension(s) $R(t)$

B coefficient of the Gauss-Donner term in the total conformal anomaly;

$B \sim \mathcal{N}$ number of conformally invariant massless modes \rightarrow KK and winding modes

Masses of KK and winding modes: $m_{n,w}^2 = \frac{n^2}{R^2} + \frac{w^2}{\alpha'^2} R^2 \ll H_+^2 \sim \frac{m_p^2}{\mathcal{N}}$

approximate condition for conformal invariance

- Growing tower of superheavy KK modes ($w = 0, n \leq \mathcal{N}$):
 $\mathcal{N} \sim (m_p R)^{2/3} \Rightarrow H_+ \sim \frac{m_p}{(m_p R)^{1/3}}$ indefinitely decreases with $H \rightarrow \infty$
- Growing tower of superheavy winding modes ($n = 0, w \leq \mathcal{N}$):
 $\mathcal{N} \sim \left(\frac{m_p \alpha'}{R}\right)^{2/3} \Rightarrow H_+ \sim m_p \left(\frac{R}{m_p \alpha'}\right)^{1/3}$ indefinitely decreases with $H \rightarrow 0$

$\Lambda \sim m_p^2 \Rightarrow \Lambda_{\text{present}}$ (fine tuning the expansion/contraction of X_{10} space size!)

Заметки к слайду

Андрей Курдюков

Слайд 19 из 33

Обсуждение по слайдам

printout [Print]

Пуск

Microsoft PowerPoint ...

RU

Microsoft PowerPoint - [Why.ppt]

File Home Insert Drawing Tools References Layout Design Slideshow Help

10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42

Mechanism of variable B from string/Kaluza-Klein theory

$B \Rightarrow B(t)$ indefinitely growing with evolving size of $X^{2,10}$ dimensions) $R(t)$

B coefficient of the Gauss-Donner term in the total conformal anomaly;

$B \sim \mathcal{N}$ number of conformally invariant massless modes \rightarrow KK and winding modes

Masses of KK and winding modes: $m_{n,w}^2 = \frac{n^2}{R^2} + \frac{w^2}{\alpha'^2} R^2 \ll H_+^2 \sim \frac{m_p^2}{\mathcal{N}}$

↑
approximate constant term and conformal invariance

- Growing tower of superheavy KK modes ($w = 0, n \leq \mathcal{N}$):
 $\mathcal{N} \sim (m_p R)^{2/3} \Rightarrow H_+ \sim \frac{m_p}{(m_p R)^{1/3}}$ indefinitely decreases with $R \rightarrow \infty$
- Growing tower of superheavy winding modes ($n = 0, w \leq \mathcal{N}$):
 $\mathcal{N} \sim \left(\frac{m_p \alpha'}{R}\right)^{2/3} \Rightarrow H_+ \sim m_p \left(\frac{R}{m_p \alpha'}\right)^{1/3}$ indefinitely decreases with $R \rightarrow 0$

↓

$\Lambda \sim m_p^2 \Rightarrow \Lambda_{\text{present}}$ (fine tuning the expansion/contraction of $X^{2,10}$ space size!)

Заметки к слайду

Анатолий

Старт: 19 ок. 20

Обсуждение по слайдам

руковод (Pavel)

пуск

Microsoft PowerPoint ...

EN 8:37

Microsoft PowerPoint - [Why.ppt]

File Home Insert Drawing Tools References Layout Design Slideshow Help

100%

10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42

Заметки к слайду

Андрей Курдюков

Слайд 16 из 20

Обзор слайдов по презентации

Выход (F10)

Пуск

Microsoft PowerPoint ...

EN

8:37

$$e^{-T_{1-loop}} = e^{-T_0} \text{Det } Q_0 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} D\sigma \left(\prod_r D/a^2 \right)^{1/2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sigma^2 T_0}$$

ghost factor

confined mode contribution factor

$$= e^{-T_0} \times \text{Det} \left(\frac{d}{d\tau} \right) \left[\text{Det} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{D}} \frac{d}{d\tau} D \frac{d}{d\tau} \frac{1}{\sqrt{D}} \right) \right]^{-1/2} = e^{-T_0}$$

periodic boundary conditions

no quantum corrections from σ -integration
— selection of saddle-point instanton

$$e^{-\Gamma_{1\text{-loop}}} = e^{-\Gamma_0} \text{Det } Q_0 \int_{-i\infty}^{i\infty} D\sigma \left(\prod_{\tau} D/a'^2 \right)^{1/2} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\delta\sigma^2 \Gamma_E}$$

$$= e^{-\Gamma_0} \times \text{Det} \left(\frac{d}{d\tau} \right) \left[\text{Det} \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{D}} \frac{d}{d\tau} D \frac{d}{d\tau} \frac{1}{\sqrt{D}} \right) \right]^{-1/2} = e^{-\Gamma_0}$$

periodic boundary conditions

11
1

no quantum corrections from σ -integration
 → selection of saddle-point instantons

Dark energy from the microcanonical state of the Universe

Lorentzian Universe with initial conditions set by the saddle-point instanton

Analytic continuation of the instanton solutions:

$$\tau = it, \quad a_L(t) = a(it)$$

Two quasi-exponential branches of the evolution (analogue of DGP model):

$$a_L(t) \sim e^{H_{\pm} t}, \quad t \rightarrow \infty, \quad H_{\pm}^2 = \frac{m_P^2}{B} \left(1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 2BH^2/m_P^2} \right)$$

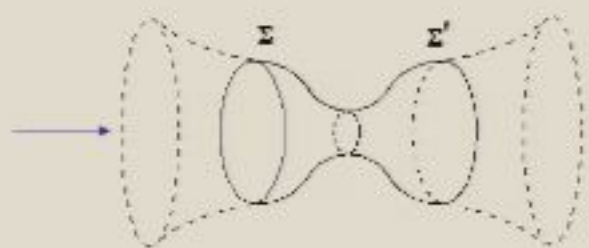
Decay of a composite H^2 in the end of inflation:

$$H^2 \rightarrow 0, \quad H_+^2 \rightarrow \frac{2m_P^2}{B}$$

Original (fundamental or composite — inflaton field) cosmological constant $H^2 = \Lambda/3$



Cosmological acceleration with $\Lambda_+ = 4\Lambda_{\max} = \frac{6m_P^2}{B}$ — new QG scale (upper bound on Λ)



Hierarchy problem, strings and extra dimensions

- Early Universe: constraints from large-scale structure formation

$$\Lambda_{\text{GUT}} \simeq \Lambda_{\text{early}} \ll \Lambda_{\text{Planck}}$$

$$(10^{16} \text{ GeV})^2 \quad (10^{19} \text{ GeV})^2$$



B_{early}

- Present Universe: cosmological acceleration or dark energy

$$\Lambda_{\text{present}} \simeq 0.7 \varepsilon_{\text{crit}}$$

$$(10^{-33} \text{ eV})^2$$



B_{present}



$B = B(t)$

should be a
function of time

String theory vs EQG density matrix:

Limited instanton ensemble is generated due to the **nonlocal infrared** effect of the conformal anomaly
— should fit into string theory at its **low energy field-theoretic** level



Constraining the landscape of string vacua:

of string vacua $10^{250} \div 10^{500}$ vs $\Lambda_{\text{min}} < \Lambda < \Lambda_{\text{max}}$

Mechanism of variable B from string/Kaluza-Klein theory

$B \Rightarrow B(t)$ indefinitely growing with evolving size of X-tra dimension(s) $R(t)$

B — coefficient of the Gauss-Bonnet term in the total conformal anomaly;

$B \sim \mathcal{N}$ number of conformally invariant massless modes — KK and winding modes

Masses of KK and winding modes:

$$m_{n,w}^2 = \frac{n^2}{R^2} + \frac{w^2}{\alpha'^2} R^2 \ll H_+^2 \sim \frac{m_P^2}{\mathcal{N}}$$

approximate masslessness and conformal invariance

- Growing tower of superhorizon KK modes ($w = 0, n \leq \mathcal{N}$):

$$\mathcal{N} \sim (m_P R)^{2/3} \Rightarrow H_+ \sim \frac{m_P}{(m_P R)^{1/3}} \quad \text{indefinitely decreases with } R \rightarrow \infty$$

- Growing tower of superhorizon winding modes ($n = 0, w \leq \mathcal{N}$):

$$\mathcal{N} \sim \left(\frac{m_P \alpha'}{R}\right)^{2/3} \Rightarrow H_+ \sim m_P \left(\frac{R}{m_P \alpha'}\right)^{1/3} \quad \text{indefinitely decreases with } R \rightarrow 0$$

$$\Lambda \sim m_P^2 \Rightarrow \Lambda_{\text{present}} \quad (\text{fine-tuning the expansion/contraction of X-tra space size?!})$$

Density Matrix Reloaded:

Minimum set of assumptions — an ultimate equipartition in physical phase space in the form of the microcanonical state of closed quantum cosmology



- Constraining the ensemble of Λ (and possibly landscape of string vacua)
- A new dark energy mechanism transcending the inflationary and matter-domination stages as a quasi-equilibrium **decay** of the initial microcanonical state

“Nothing comes from Nothing”

Sidney Coleman: “There is Nothing rather than Something”

Something (rather than Nothing) comes from Everything

